

# NOAA/NWS Ohio River Forecast Center

## Drought/Low Flow Outlook

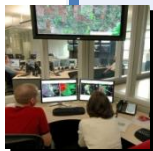
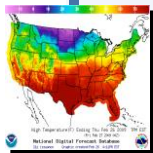
Jim Noel

Service Coordination Hydrologist

NOAA/NWS

Ohio River Forecast Center

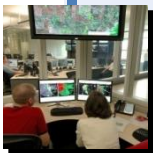
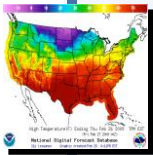
July 23, 2012



# Drought Outlook

- Rainfall Trends
- Current Drought Monitor
- Current Streamflows
- Historical Perspective
- Rainfall and Streamflow Outlooks
- El Nino Watch
- Long-Range Outlooks
- Summary

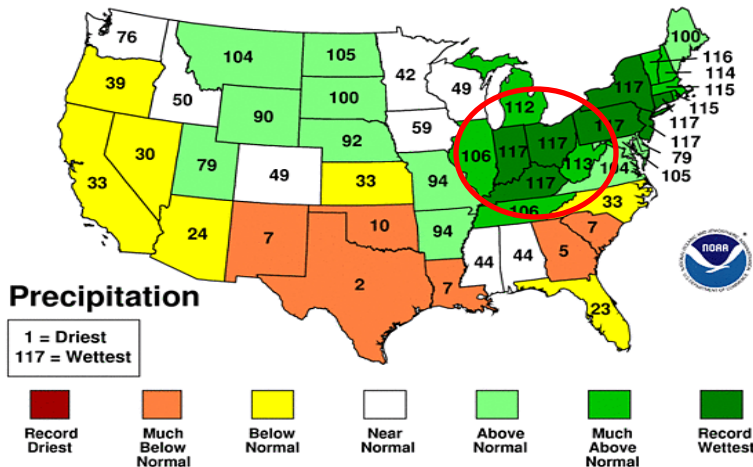
National Weather Service  
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# Rainfall Trends 2011 to 2012

## January-December 2011 Statewide Ranks

National Climatic Data Center/NESDIS/NOAA

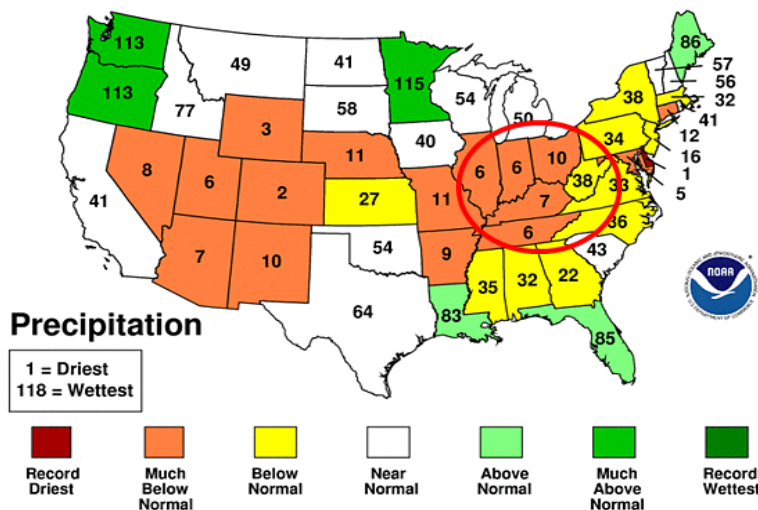


➤ 2011 was the wettest on record in Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Kentucky.

➤ A pattern change to drier weather began in winter of 2012

## January-June 2012 Statewide Ranks

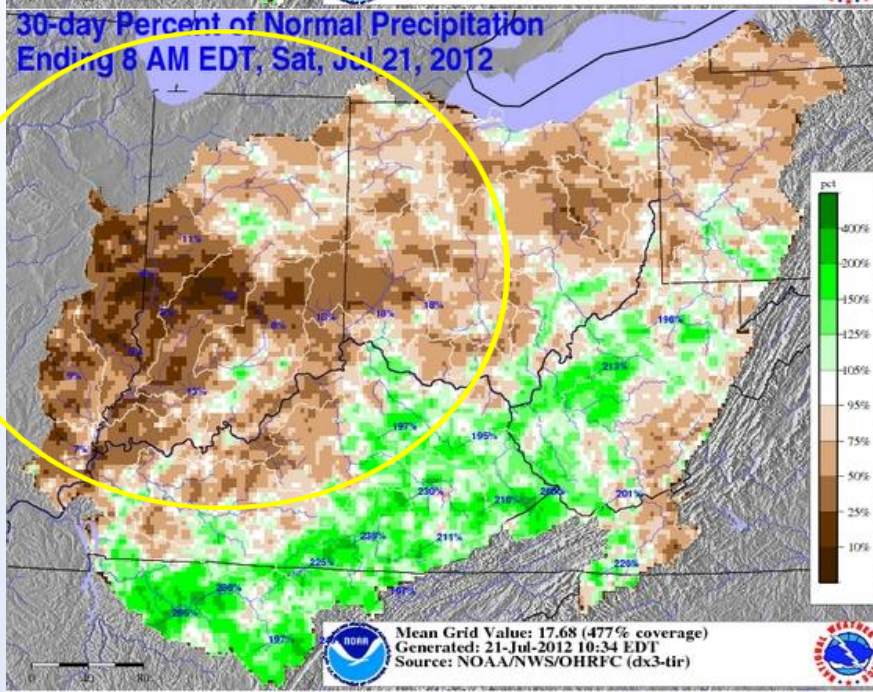
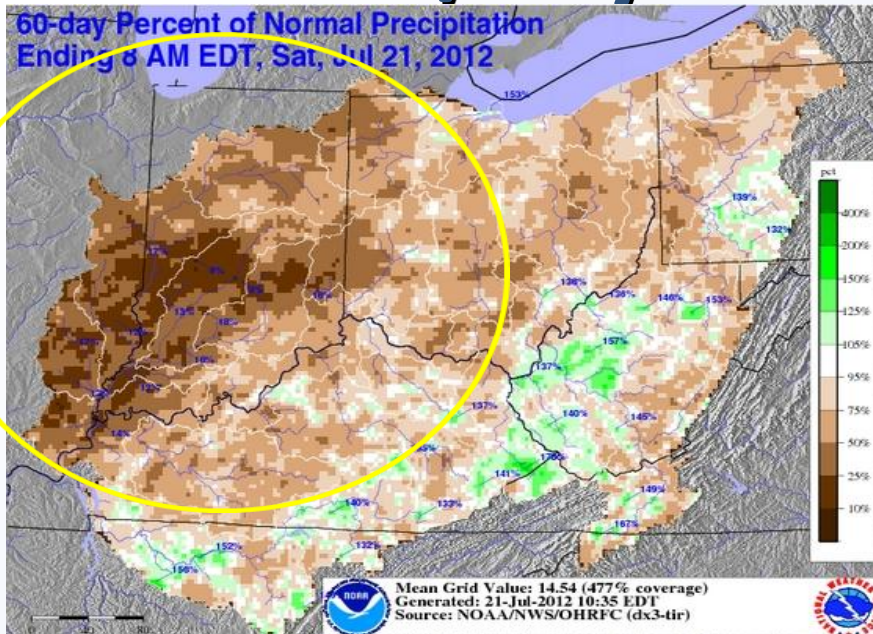
National Climatic Data Center/NESDIS/NOAA



➤ Main drying began in Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky and Tennessee



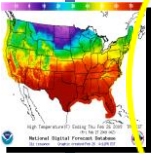
# June/July 2012 Rainfall



➤ 30-60 day rainfall deficits focused on Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and western Kentucky

➤ Some above normal rainfall has developed over Tennessee, eastern Kentucky and West Virginia with 4-10 inches of rain in the last 30 days

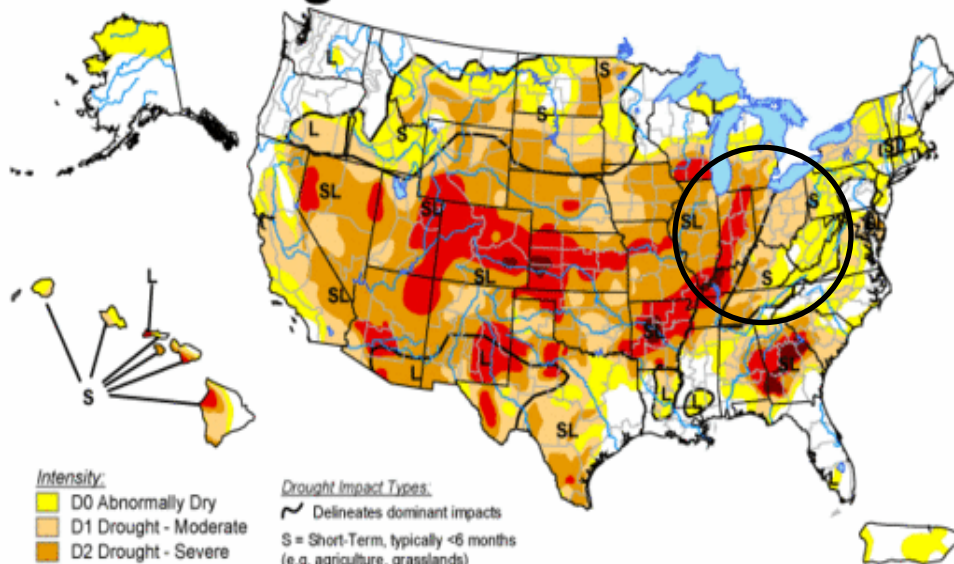
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# Current Drought Monitor

## U.S. Drought Monitor

July 17, 2012  
Valid 7 a.m. EDT



### Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Drought - Moderate
- D2 Drought - Severe
- D3 Drought - Extreme
- D4 Drought - Exceptional

### Drought Impact Types:

- ~ Delineates dominant impacts
- S = Short-Term, typically <6 months (e.g. agriculture, grasslands)
- L = Long-Term, typically >6 months (e.g. hydrology, ecology)

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

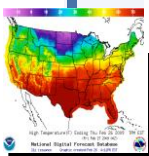
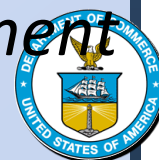


Released Thursday, July 19, 2012

Author: Richard Heim/Liz Love-Brotak, NOAA/NESDIS/NCDC

<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

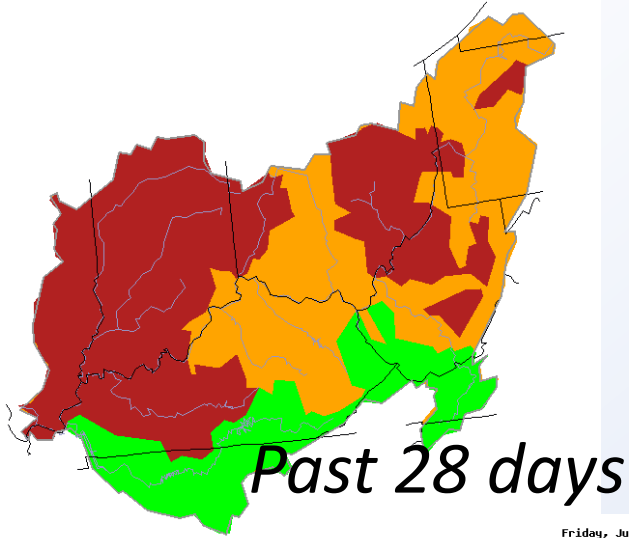
- Rapid increase in drought coverage and intensity in northwest Ohio Valley in last 30-days
- Main drought area is western Tennessee, western Kentucky, western Ohio, Indiana and Illinois
- Some improvement elsewhere





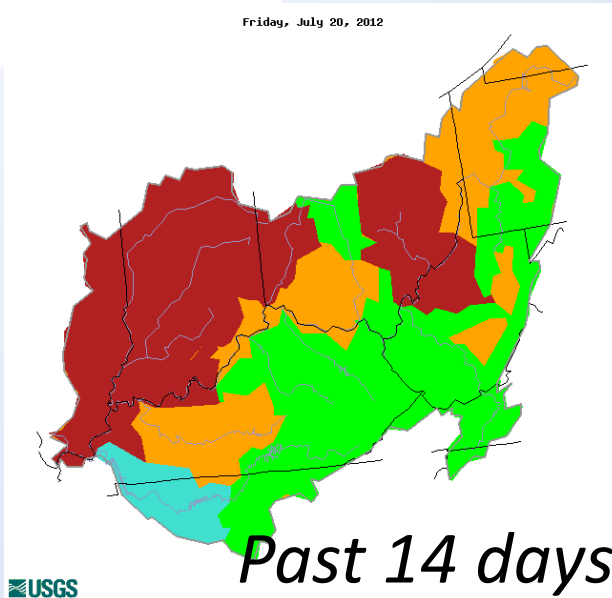
# Current Streamflows

Friday, July 20, 2012



USGS

Friday, July 20, 2012

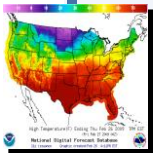


USGS

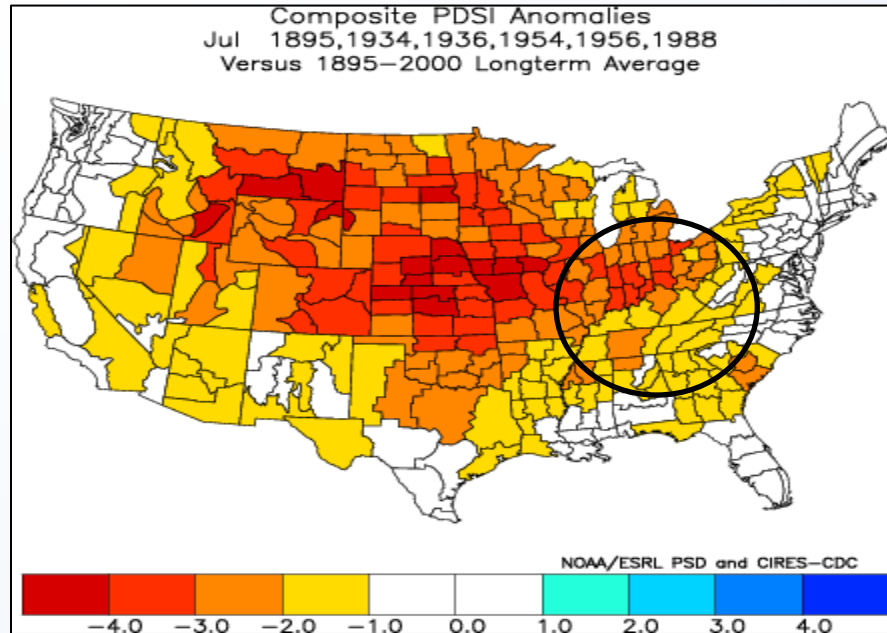
Explanation - Percentile classes

	Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High
		Much below normal	Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal	

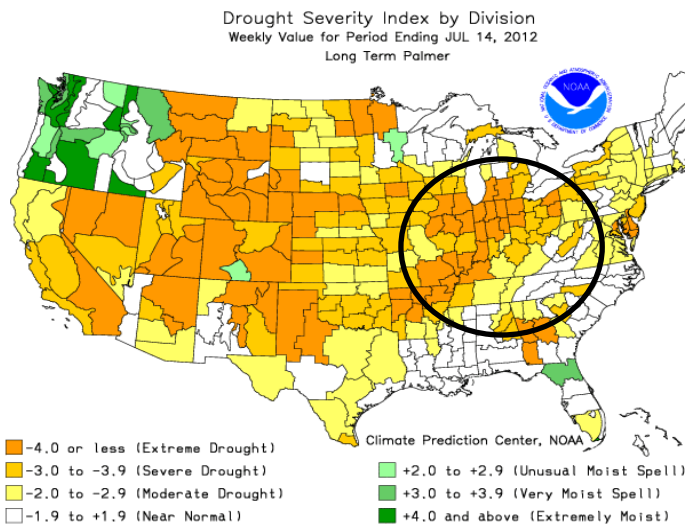
- Some improvement has occurred short-term south of the Ohio River including Cumberland River Valley
- Conditions worst from lower Ohio Valley into parts of Illinois, Indiana



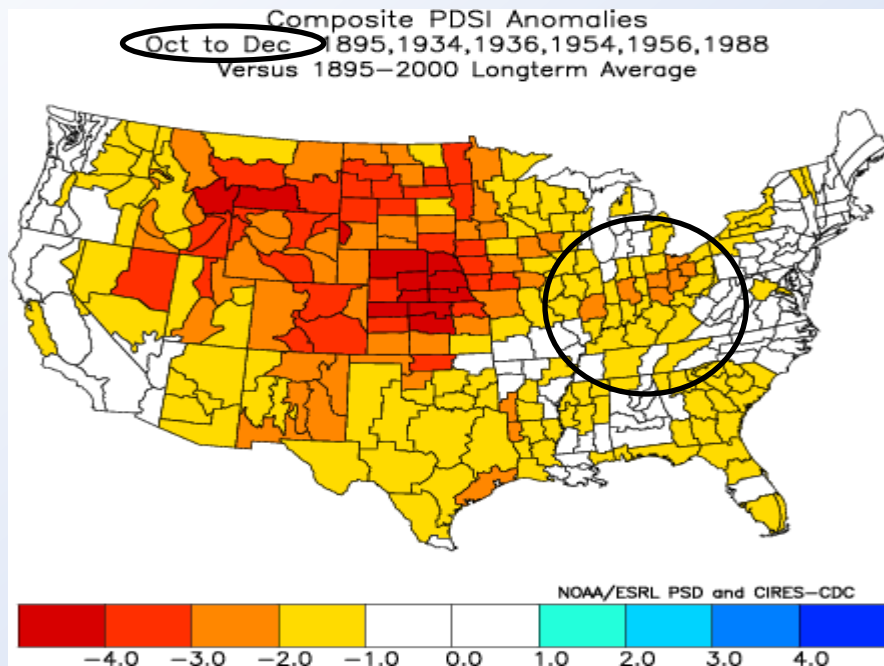
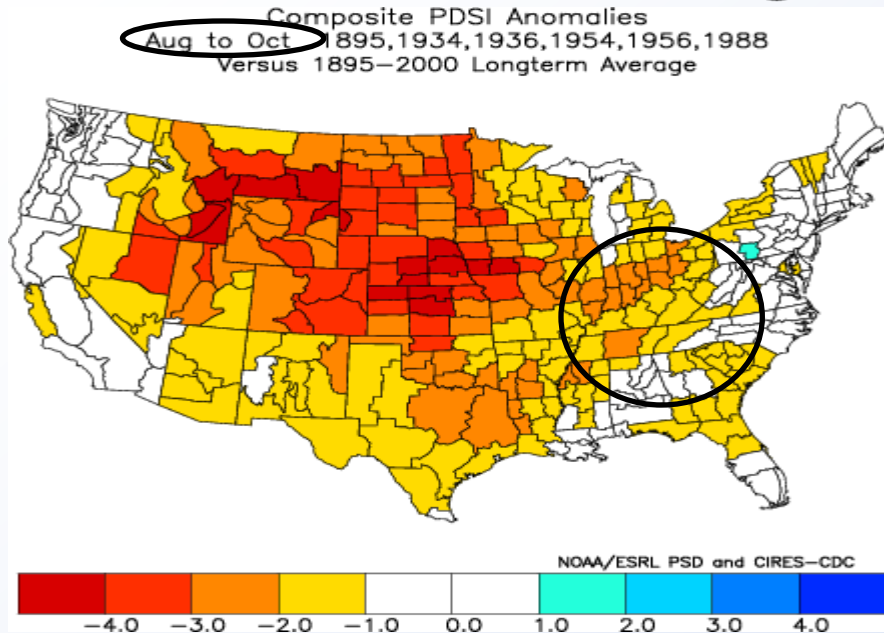
# Historical Drought Perspective



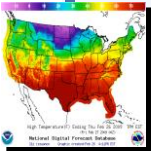
➤ Average of historical droughts of 1895, 1934, 1936, 1954, 1956 and 1988 (top) is very similar to current drought (bottom) with widespread severe to extreme drought in northern and western Ohio Valley



# Historical Drought Perspective

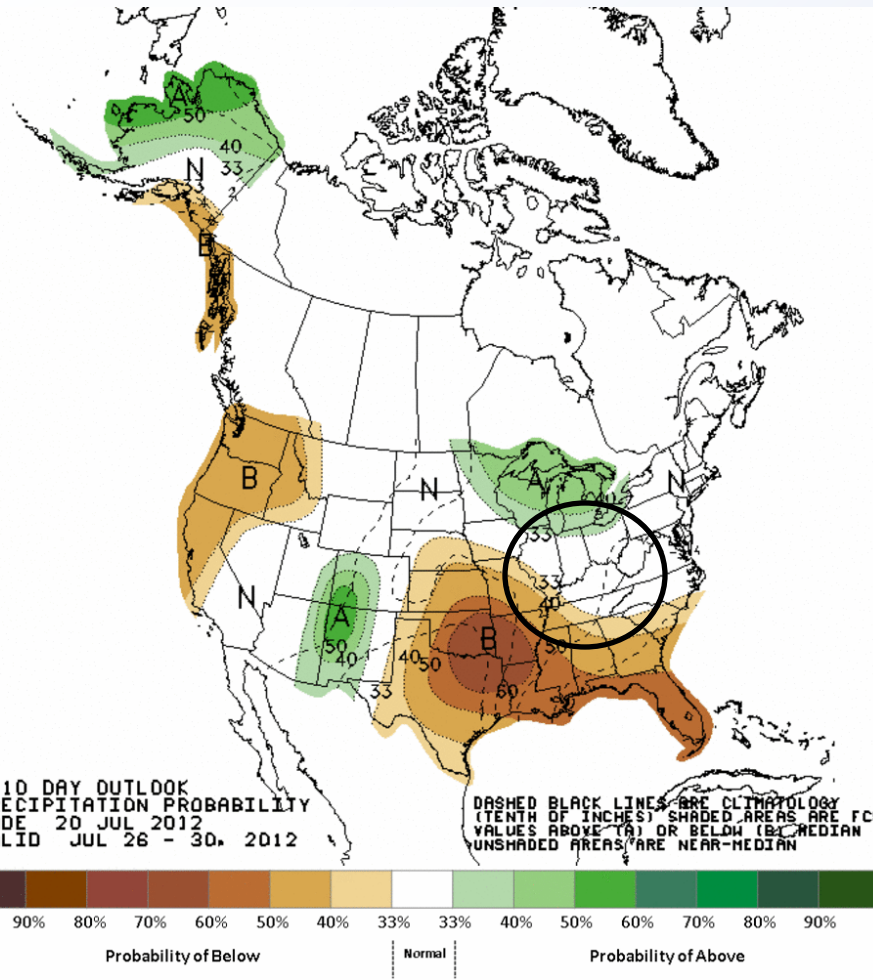


- *Historical perspective of some of the worst droughts suggests slow improvement into autumn with best chances for continued drought north of Ohio River*
- *Drought areas would be -2.0 or lower*



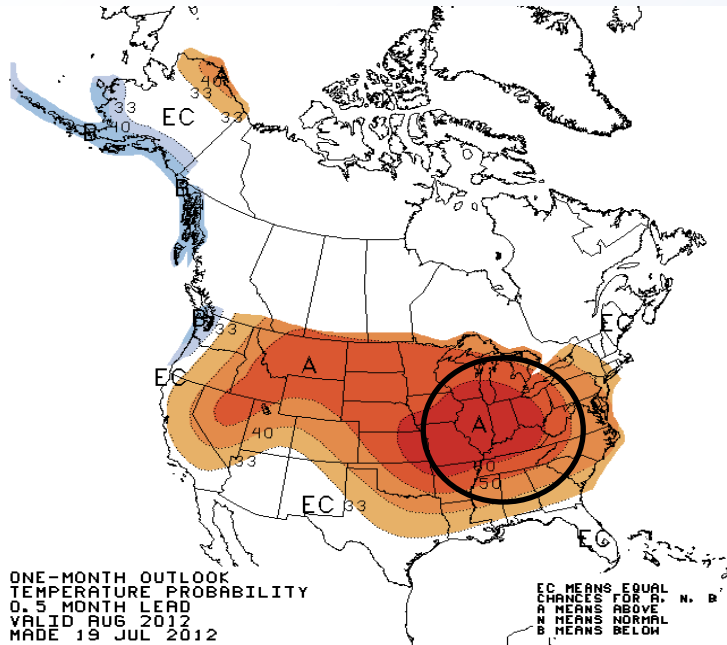


# Remainder of July Rainfall Outlook

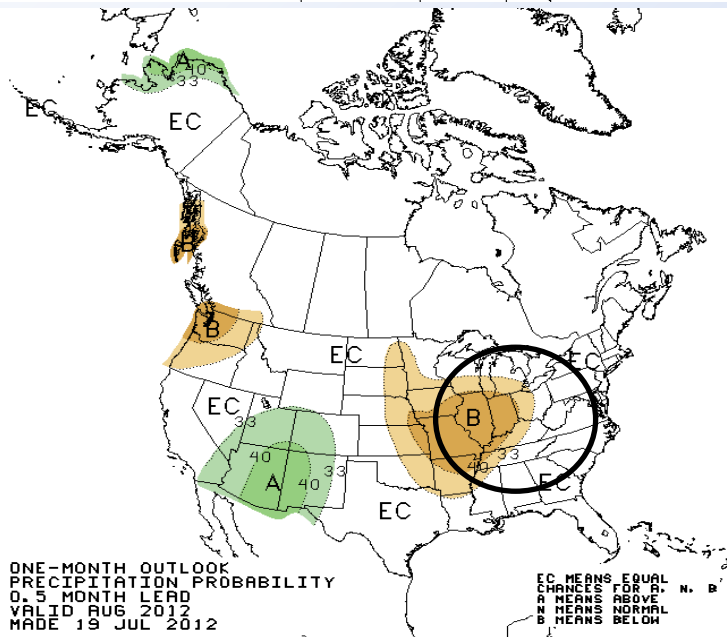


- *Some relief will continue for the rest of July*
- *Normal to above normal rainfall is forecast north and east*
- *Normal to slightly below normal southwest*

# August Outlook



- Above normal temperatures will persist but it will not be as hot as July
- Normal rainfall is expected in the eastern basin with below normal west



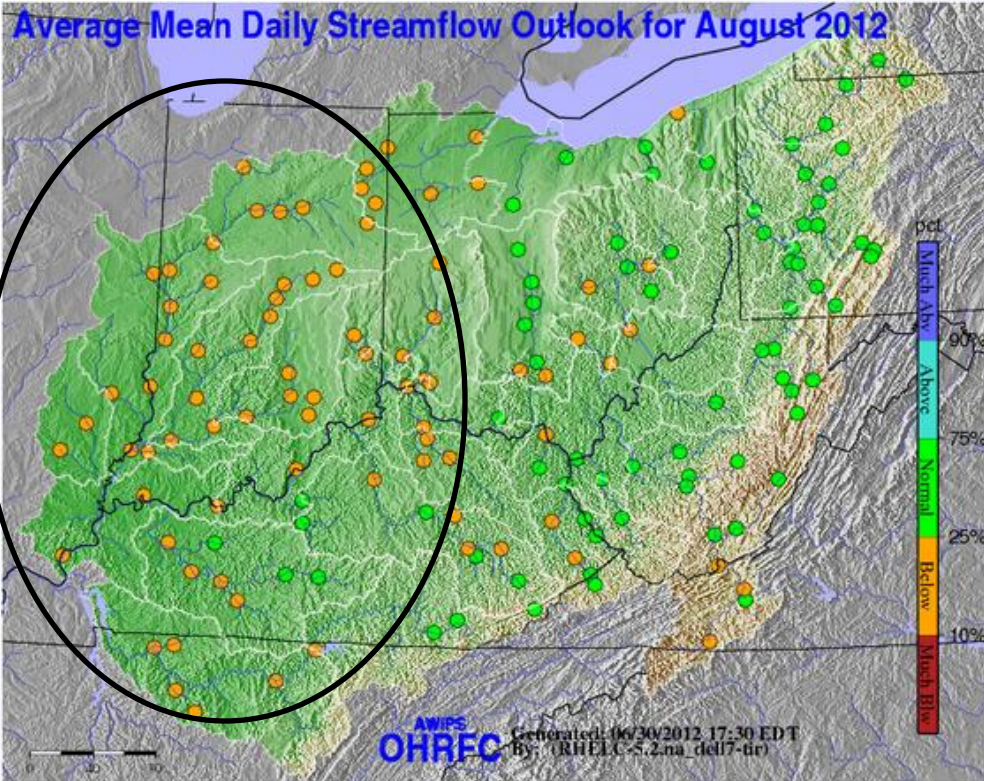


# OHRFC August Streamflow Outlook

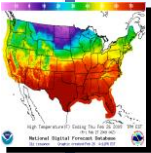
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Average Mean Daily Streamflow Outlook for August 2012

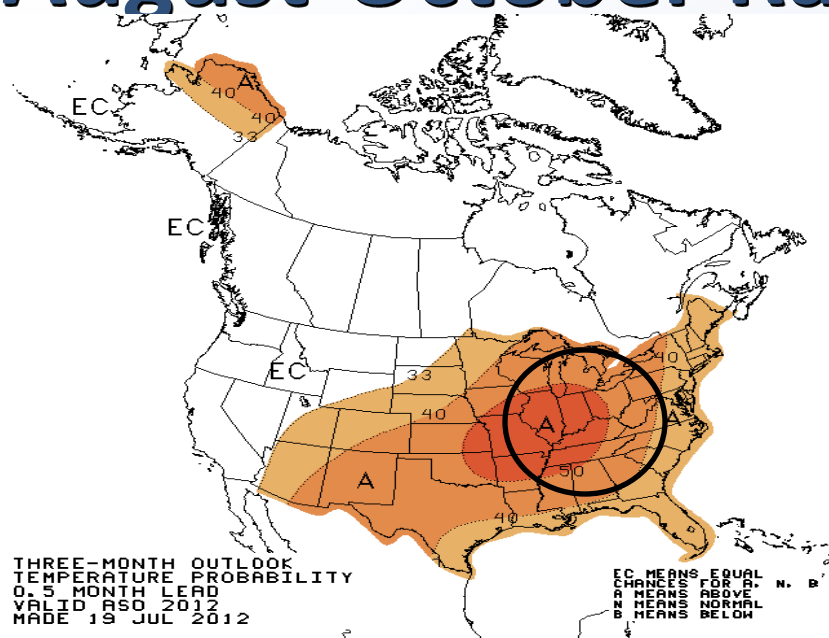


- *Below normal flows will persist across much of the western half of the Ohio Valley into parts of the Cumberland Valley*
- *Near normal flows are forecast east*
- *Slight improvements are expected*

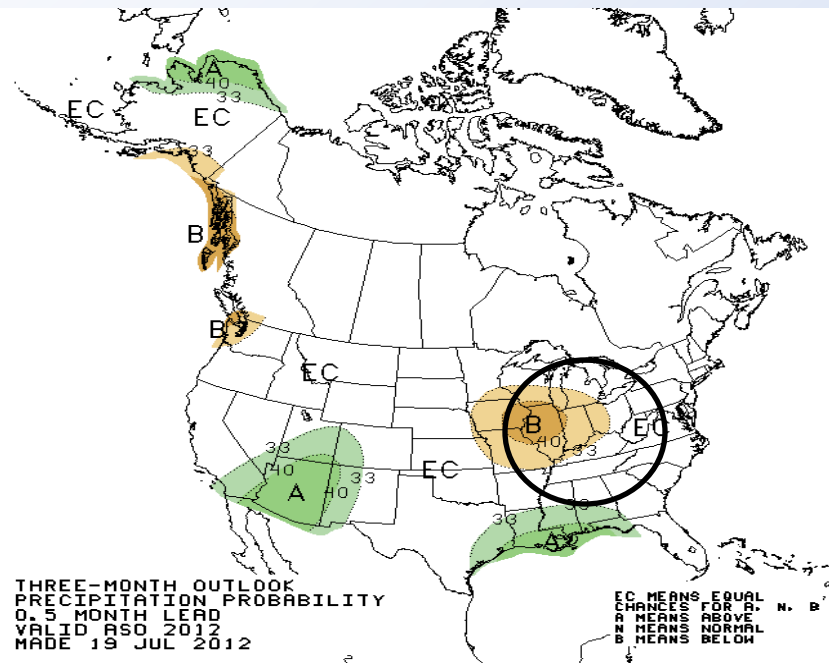




# August-October Rainfall Outlook

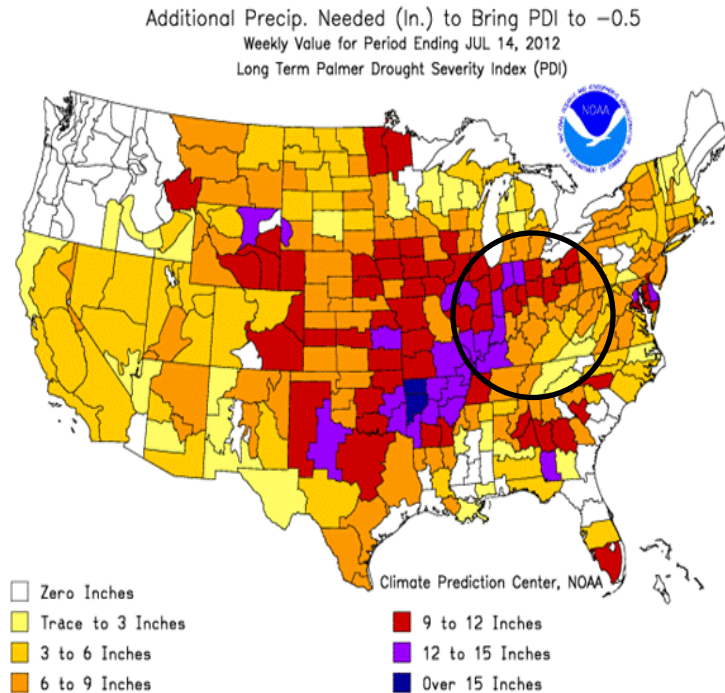


➤ *Below normal rainfall will persist in the western Ohio Valley but over a smaller area*

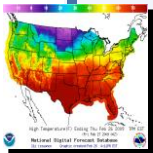


➤ *Near normal rainfall is forecast east and south which should allow for improvement in the Cumberland basin*

# Rainfall Needed to End Drought

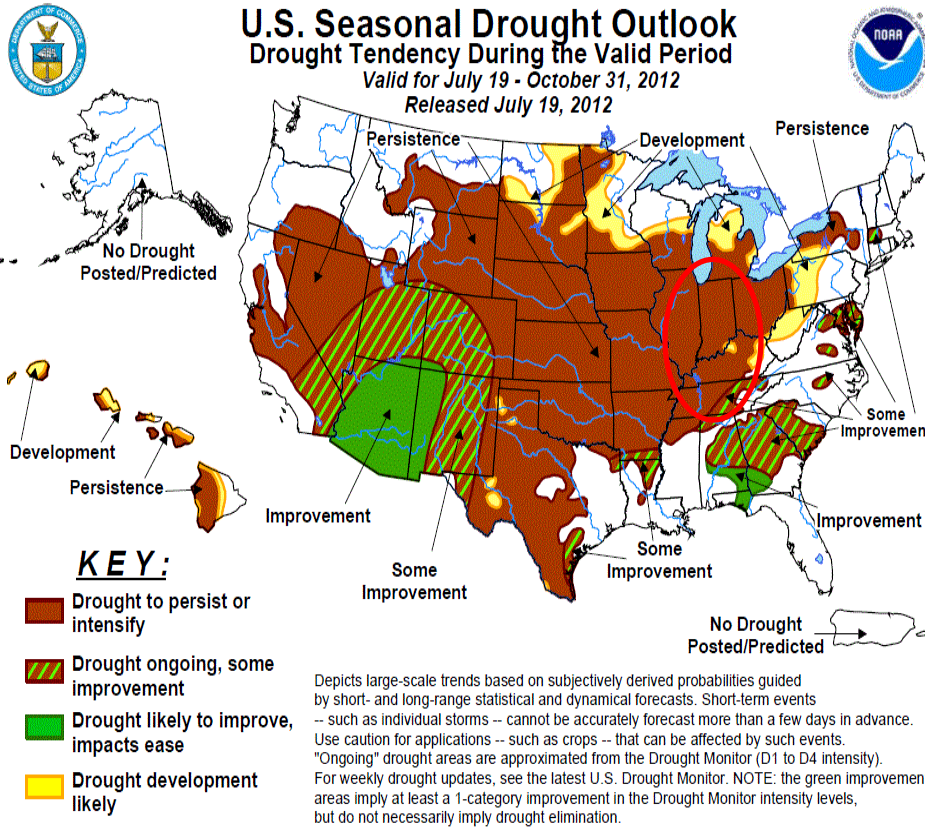


- *Less than 6 inches of rain needed in east and southeast Ohio Valley*
- *Up to 9-12 inches needed in western and north sections*
- *Recent rains east of Cleveland to Cincinnati to Louisville to Nashville have helped a little*



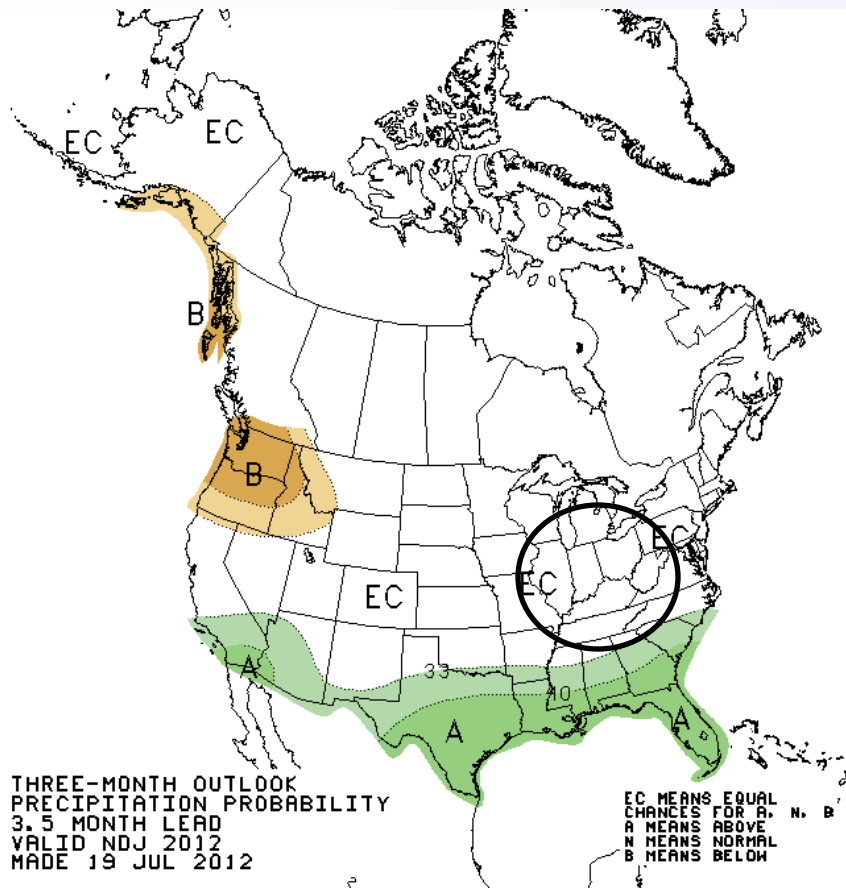
# August-October Drought Outlook

- Drought will persist especially across western half of the region into autumn
- There will be some fluctuations from time to time.
- There is a chance for some improvement and this will be monitored

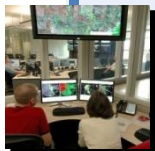
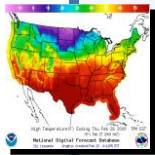




# November-January Rainfall Outlook

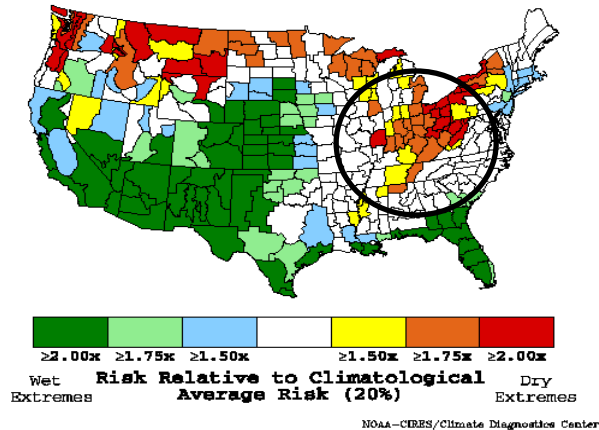


- *Some rainfall improvement likely in late autumn*
- *Drought will persist in the western basin but will likely weaken.*



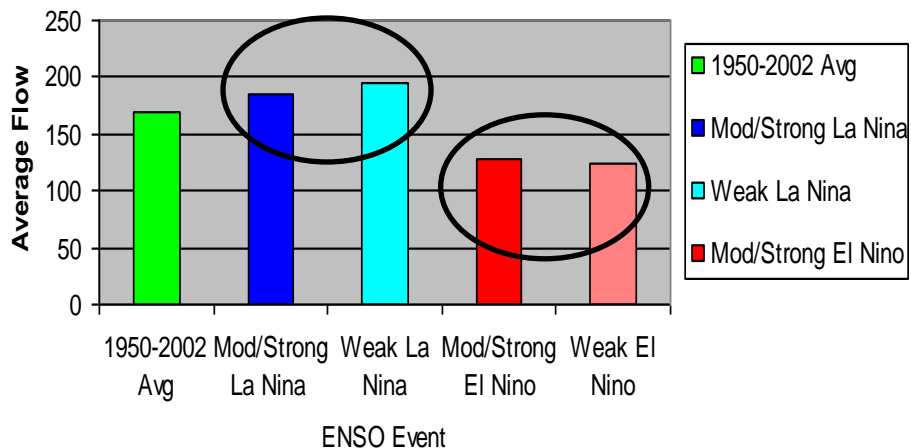
# El Nino Watch has been issued

JFM Precipitation Extremes During El Nino  
Risk of Extreme Wet or Dry Years



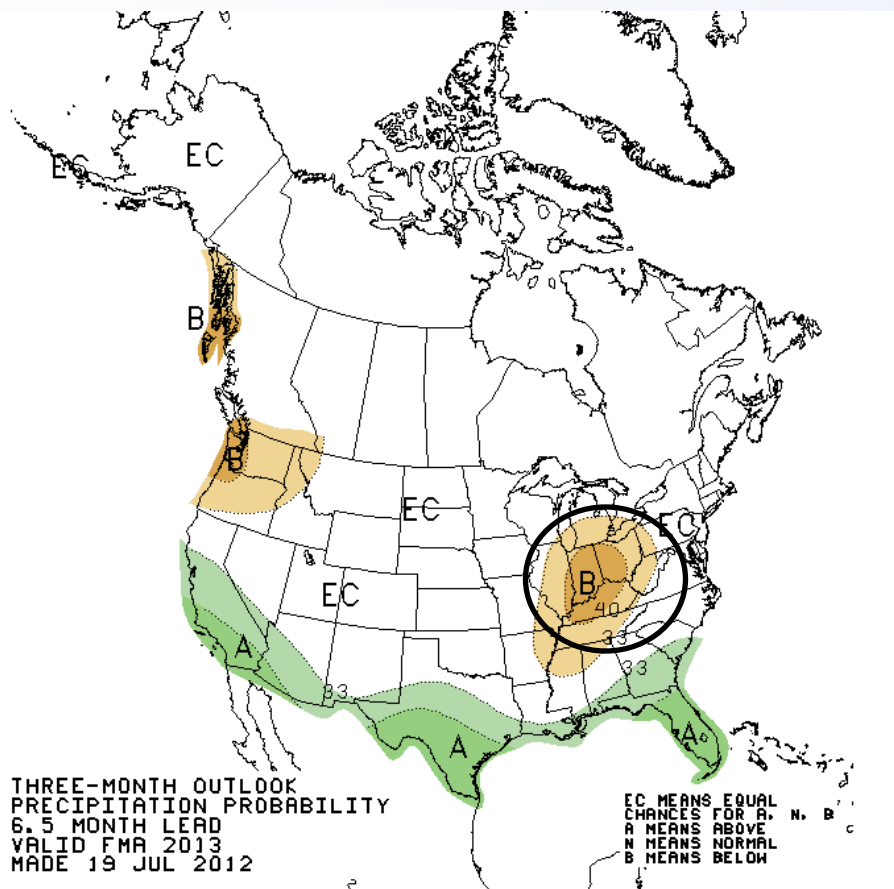
- *El Nino Watch has been issued*
- *NOAA/NWS/OHRFC research says typically Ohio River flows are high in La Nina winter and spring periods like 2011*

Cincinnati Cool Season



- *Typically flows are below normal in El Nino winter and spring periods*

# February-April Rainfall Outlook



- *El Nino Watch has been issued by NOAA Climate Prediction Center*
- *The winter precipitation outlook is based on El Nino to develop*
- *This favors below normal precipitation much of the region except far east and southeast*



# Water Resources Outlooks

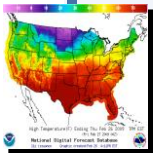
- *Subscribe to the Ohio River Forecast Center Water Resources Outlook*
- *Monthly Outlook talking about drought and flood risk*
- *Subscribe online at:*  
***[https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/USNWS/subscriber/new?topic\\_id=USNWS\\_1048](https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/USNWS/subscriber/new?topic_id=USNWS_1048)***

**OHRFC Water Resources website:**

**<http://www.weather.gov/ohrfc/WRO.shtml>**

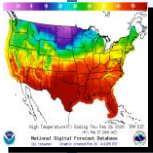
**National Weather Service:**

**<http://www.weather.gov>**



# Drought Outlook Summary

- Drought will likely persist especially in western Tennessee, western Kentucky, western Ohio into Indiana and Illinois into early autumn
- The drought appears to have bottomed, however.
- Outlooks and historical data suggest drought to linger but become less severe by autumn
- El Nino Watch has been issued by NOAA.
- This favors a drier than normal winter in the region if El Nino develops. This may prevent drought from ending.



# Comments or Questions?

- Send email to [James.Noel@noaa.gov](mailto:James.Noel@noaa.gov) at the National Weather Service Ohio River Forecast Center

OR

- You can contact your local National Weather Service Forecast Office

